New Things of the New Year

By JOHN DICKINSON SHERMAN

OVER my cabin on Twin Sisters' slope
In the Rocky Mountain National Park
Rides the December moon in blue-black sky
To light the Old Year out, the New Year in.
Tahosa—"Valley in the Mountain Tops—"
All rimmed about with lofty snow-clad peaks,
Is dazzling with new-fallen snow; its cup
Brims over with the silv'ry radiance.
Across Tahosa Valley looms Longs Peak,
"King of the Rockies," with its tow'ring crown
Atop its monstrous, dark, grim precipice
A-glitter in the flood of silver light.
Behind me rise The Twins to timberline,
Recumbent in silhouette as if carved
By the chisel of the Master Sculptor—
A part and parcel of a perfect whole
Planned by the Master Architect himself.
Perfected through the ages by His will—
That with sheer beauty makes the heart to ache.

* * * * * * *

The hours pass on. The moon sinks and is gone.
Myriad stars that blaze like beacon fires
Take up the watch the weary moon has quit.
The Old Year passes out; comes in the New
Without a sound, a token or a sign.
There is no hint of life. Can it be true
The sun will shine again and day come back
And life leap in the glad green spring once more
And Time grant unto us another year?

* * * * * * *

And now is staged with ceremonious pomp
The recurrent miracle of the dawn
In setting worthy of the Master's art,
With glories worthy of the glad New Year:
Behind The Sisters grows a pearly glow;
The King's o'ertopping crown glows ruby red;
Low-lying clouds in The Pass to the south
Are shot with gold; the sky-line of the pines
Against their glory stands raggedly out.
The rim of a great golden disk thrusts up
Above the silhouetted Sisters' crest.
Deer, Meadow, Meeker, Lady Washington,
Battle, Lily and Estes Cone change white
For rose tints. Wooded slopes doff black for green.
The Sisters, as the sun mounts in the sky,
Call back their shadows from the Valley floor.
A breeze wakes up and dances forth to help
The trees shake off their burd'ning robes of white.
A crested jay flits in a shelt'ring pine.
A snowshoe rabbit goes sedately past
And makes the first mark on the untracked snow.
Across Tahosa Valley smoke goes up—
Blue chimney-smoke that tells of kindled hearth,
With family astir and life and love!
And there stands Longs—unchanged, unchangeable!
Now I know glad spring shall come again,
Summer time, harvest time, another year.

* * * * * * *

And so is born to us this glad New Year,
Nineteen Twenty-three Anno Domini—
"In the Year of Our Lord," the Son of God,
Who taught man, "Do as ye would be done by,"
Who died upon the cross to save mankind.

There is an old saying and wise: "Let the dead past bury its dead!" Its wisdom, however, lies largely in what it really means rather than in what it actually says. For burial does not mean both burying and forgetting. And it should not. What the adage means is this:

"Let's turn over a new leaf on New Year's day, 1923, and try to make a better looking page than we did in 1922!"

There is said to be "no new thing under the sun." Certain it is that we are digging up records nowadays that show human nature to have been about the same in 4,000 B. C. that it is now. So doubtless man has been making New Year's resolutions ever since there was any New Year's day. And doubtless he has been breaking them just as regularly. And doubtless the cynics and the pessimists and the professional jokers have been laughing over the performance through the ages.

Nevertheless, this recurring New Year's performance is a lot more than merely the material for a jest. In fact, it is one of the things that keeps alive the faith in human nature and the hope that the world is progressing year by year toward better things.

There are, of course, many foolish people who live only to eat, drink and be merry. And there are the predatory ones, who take what they want—if they can get it. But most people believe in a future life and are always trying, often vaguely and half-unconsciously, to live the kind of a life that seems to them fit to survive. Hence their New Year's resolutions. Many a man in his heart on New Year's day would be, with Robert Browning,

One who never turned his back but marched breast forward,
Never doubted clouds would break,
Never dreamed, though right were worsted, wrong would triumph,
Held we fall to rise, are baffled to fight better,
Sleep to wake.

The poet speaks truth. Providence has so created man—or evolution has so shaped him, if you prefer to put it that way—that there is no greater spur to his soul than the incentive of the unachieved. Always the unaccomplished that seems worth while challenges his ambition, his courage, his determination.

Man has already accomplished much on this earth—so much that he has now a vision of what his goal should be—so much that he is now able to see how far he has fallen short of reaching that goal. And no age has been so well equipped to move on to that goal as this present age. Never has the incentive to the achievement of that goal been so strong. For man cannot stand still. He must press onward to the goal or fall back and lose much that he has gained. Failure to reach the goal emphasizes the incompleteness of all that has been accomplished. And this shining goal is nothing less than the message of the season:

"Peace on earth, good will to men."

Practically this means the reformation of human nature. And the reformation of human nature means nothing less than the world-wide application of precepts of Christianity to the affairs of mankind.

Christianity was blamed for not preventing the great war. It has since been blamed for not preventing the industrial strife and the economic ills and other evils that have afflicted the world. Perhaps the best answer in brief to this charge is the utterance credited to George Bernard Shaw: "Christianity has not yet been tried."

It is a noteworthy fact that during the last year men of affairs, speaking from the viewpoint of business and not that of religion, have publicly declared that in the application of the teachings of the Gospel lies the one cure for the industrial ills growing out of world-wide economic warfare. Some of them have gone so far as to declare that nothing but a sincere acceptance of Christianity can save society from utter ruin and civilization from a complete collapse.

It is not contended by them that Christianity contains a panacea that will at once cure all industrial and economic ills. They know that no such panacea exists. They admit that Christianity does not teach economics; does not instruct as to production and distribution; does not, in short, set forth a system of industry in any form or shape. They start from a different basis and their reasoning is about like this:

Christianity, however, does set forth a moral formula that can be applied at all times to all systems. This moral formula is an active solvent of wrongs under any system. Its application can cure the defects of any system, not so much by changing the system as by changing the attitude of men toward one another.

Practical Christianity would not tolerate injustice of any kind. With injustice of all kinds banished from the affairs of men and nations existing economic and industrial systems would either remodel themselves or would be cast aside. In short, economic regeneration would come about as a by-product in connection with the larger moral regeneration of mankind through the acceptance of Christianity. For in the last analysis the faults of systems have their source in the hearts of men.

A stupendous undertaking? An impossible vision? Well, they ask, what other course is there? The converse of the proposition has been tried to the uttermost. And where is the world? Apparently civilization in this Twentieth century is facing the great crisis.

George Washington, 133 years ago, as America's first president, proclaimed America's first national Thanksgiving day. And his preamble declares:

"It is the duty of all nations to acknowledge the Providence of Almighty God, to obey His will, to be grateful for His benefits, and humbly to implore His protection and favor."

As everybody knows, George Washington was no liar. So that when he wrote these words he wrote them because he believed them.

In short, the United States of America was conceived and established in exactly the spirit set forth in Washington's words. The nation of his time was a Christian nation. Its sense of dependence upon God was very real because of realization of perils past and difficulties to come. It saw the guiding and protecting hand of Providence in the past. It hoped for a continuance of guidance and protection of Providence in overcoming the problems and difficulties of the future. For America was then a child among the nations and its way to maturity looked long and perilous.

America has now come to that maturity. And he is a dullard who cannot see the hand of Providence in our national history since the beginning.

In the 133 years since George Washington's first Thanksgiving proclamation America has accomplished much. It has made its maturity rich and powerful. Today America stands the wealthiest and most favored nation of the globe—so rich and so favored that a pre-war prediction has come true: America has emerged victorious and unharmed from the Great War and without a friend among the nations of earth. America is too wealthy, too powerful, too resourceful, too well able to move on toward its destiny without "entangling alliances" to please the rest of the world.

America is so favored that it must have a care lest in its complacency it thanks God it is not as other nations are.

It is true America is not as the Turk, who is pounding on the gates of Europe, with all the assurance of a victor who asserts that he has wiped out past defeat by present victory and demands new opportunities for crimes against civilization.

It is true America is not as the Bolshevists in Russia, who apparently are growing rather stronger than weaker, seeming to gain strength from the ruin they have wrought, and parade their Red Army as an object lesson to the nations of earth.

Yet America sadly needs to take heed of the Eleventh commandment, "Love one another." And it needs a Twelfth commandment, "Thou shalt not profiteer." For the profiteer, it has been said, "takes the Eighth commandment by the throat, knocks the Tenth commandment on the head and treads the golden rule under foot." And as for the Ten commandments handed down from God at Mount Sinai—it is increasingly evident that it is the task of the good citizen and the church and the press to build up the moral manhood and womanhood that is suffering alarming deterioration.

There are many who believe that in acceptance and practice of practical Christianity lie America's only hope of emergence from the greed and lawlessness of 1923, Anno Domini.

In this connection the progress of a movement begun in the United States by "Christian Business Men" will doubtless be watched with interest by the nation.

In some American city—probably Detroit—will be held early in 1923 the first convention of the Federation of Christian Business Men's clubs. Probably 100 clubs in the principal cities of the country will be represented. "To search out and apply the laws of God in all commercial relations between ourselves and all men" is the stated purpose of the federation. All members agree to make the golden rule fundamental in their commercial dealings. The clubs reserve at all meetings a chair for Jesus Christ, "the unseen Guest," whom the members acknowledge to be their "directive head." At a recent conference in Kansas City, Mo., delegates were present representing clubs in Kansas City, New York, Philadelphia, Lincoln, Neb., Tulsa, Okla., St. Louis, Wheeling, W. Va., Chicago, Rochester, N. Y., Cincinnati, Columbus, O., St. Paul, Minn., Jacksonville, Fla., Columbia, Mo., and Detroit.

"Ring Out the Old, Ring in the New!"

Lauriger Horatius, quem dixisti verum
Fugit Euro citius tempus edax rerum.

Tempora mutantur et nos mutamur in illis

By JOHN DICKINSON SHERMAN

THE Latin has a terse and forceful way of putting things. Now, the first quotation above has been rendered in free-and-easy style:

Old Man Horace, sprigged with bay
Truly thou dost say, sir.
Time speeds faster on its way
Than the swiftest racer.

Clever, but the Latin says it more forcibly: Crowned-with-laurel Horace, what you say is true: Flies than the southeast wind faster time the devourer of things.

And the second quotation above neatly supplements the first by saying: Times change and we are changed in them.

All of which suggests most forcibly that time has destroyed the old-fashioned method of observing several of our American national holidays; that the times have changed and we in them.

Now, there's the Fourth of July, for example. The old-fashioned Fourth is so entirely gone that we don't quite know what to do with the day. In the old days we used to twist the Lion's tail when we didn't know what else to do, but since we fought side by side with the British in the Great War, that seems as out of place as do firecrackers and the casualty list of small boys.

And it's just about the same with New Year's Day. About all that's left us is to listen to the whistles blowing at midnight and to make good resolutions. And what changes the day has seen since first Americans began its celebration!

America's celebration of New Year's Day owes nothing to Puritan New England. In the North New York, being Dutch, was the center of New Year's gayety. The South, being English, but not Puritan, also celebrated enthusiastically. The custom of making calls probably is as old as civilized man; it is likely that it originated independently in almost every clime. Old-time European chieftains used to set "New Year's" apart as a day on which they would condescend to receive substantial tributes from their underlings. Queen Elizabeth received New Year's calls every year, and there was always much rivalry between her ambitious courtiers as to the quantity and value of the gifts they should bestow upon the virgin sovereign. It was on a New Year's Day that Sir Walter Raleigh gladdened the queen's heart with a memorable pair of silk stockings—the first ever made and worn in England.

In Holland the custom of making New Year's calls had been general long before the settlement of New Amsterdam, and the natives of the Netherlands who came to live in the New World brought the practice with them. And, of course, they had plenty to eat and drink—for who ever heard of Dutchmen who did not take good care of their stomachs?

Up to the beginning of the Nineteenth century the typical New Year's observance was a neighborly custom. Then it became an observance decreed by fashion and was observed in every city of any size in the country.

The younger women of such households as had daughters were the hostesses, and great was their rivalry, one with another, in respect of richly loaded refreshment tables and elegance of toilet. The "beaux," and "dandies," and "gallants" attired themselves in their best and started out early in the morning, calling first at the houses where matrons received, and afterward upon the younger ladies. The drinks that were offered at every house of any prominence were ardent and diverse.

It was not until about the middle of the century or thereabouts that the abuse which finally led to the custom's decline began. For years the dandies rivaled one another in the length of their calling lists, and the calls soon came to be nothing more than hasty gorgings of cake and gulpings of wine.

Then the ladies—the matrons as well as the young women—began to vie with one another in the number of their callers. This led to the most extraordinary practices. Callers were recruited, drummed up. Cards announcing that Miss This-or-That would be "at home" on January 1 were sent out almost indiscriminately. The Sunday newspapers began to print lists of those who would receive, and the houses of those mentioned in the lists were sure to be besieged by numbers of men whom the ladies had never met or heard of and desired never to meet again.

Men would go calling in couples and parties, and even in droves of 30 or more, remaining as short a time at each stopping place as possible, and announcing everywhere how many calls they had already made, and how many they expected to make before they finished. At every place they drank. The result was a most appalling assortment of "jags" long before sundown, and a crowding of the police stations at night.

This New Year's observance finally became so abused that it was called a "national evil," and was attacked by reformers everywhere and ministers thundered against it from the pulpit. Finally fashion set its face against it and it died a gradual death.

Its place was taken after a while by eating and drinking in the restaurants, and by the street carnivals.

If Croesus himself had come back to earth and had visited New York—or any big city in the country—in 1905, he couldn't have got a seat in any restaurant of note after ten o'clock the night of December 31, for all his fabulous wealth. In fact, he probably couldn't have got inside the door. Every table was engaged—at big prices and long in advance. Diners had to get out at nine o'clock and guards at the doors saw that none except those with credentials got in. During the last hour of the Old Year the people feasted, and at the first stroke of the New Year everybody in every restaurant arose, wine-glass in hand, and drank a health to the New Year.

It was comparatively quiet indoors, but the people in the streets made noise enough to scare young 1906. Every sort of noise-making implement known to man except cannon and dynamite bombs was in active use.

"Get your horns and ticklers!" was the prayer roared by thousands of fakers all evening. Trucks and wagons were halted at the curb, loaded with tin horns and thin sticks with a bunch of hackle-feathers at the tip.

If you were a real devilish New Year's humorist you proceeded like this: First, tickle some stranger under the chin with the feathers; then, as he turned to protest, you blew the horn in his face.

A universal custom of New Year's of those days was the carrier's New Year's address. This was often in rhyme if the carrier or any of his friends could string the jingling lines together or find an old carrier's address to copy. Such verses as these were popular:

This day devoted new to mirth,
To open house and social hearth,
New friendship mounts on airy wings
And gives her tuneful harp new strings.
While plenty spreads a festive board,
Of wine and food and ample hoard.
In idleness and laughter gay,
To spend the hours this happy day,
All save the carrier, whose snowy feet
Still must pace up the snowy street.
So give to him a moment's heed,
Since he alone this comfort needs,
And to your ample, jovial store
Let him not find a closed door, etc., etc.

By 1914 there were strong indications of a saner celebration of New Year's. The feasting in restaurants New Year's Eve was still in full blast, with singing and dancing added. But most of the large cities had ordered the police to enforce a "sane" celebration on the streets. In consequence there was less noise and rowdyism out of doors. Chicago, for instance, forbade horns, confetti and ticklers.

Cleveland probably had the "sanest" New Year's Eve in 1914. That city gave the New Year a "community greeting," in keeping with the spirit of community Christmas celebrated a week before. Twelve bands, with 280 musicians, were massed in the public square. To an audience of thousands they played hymns and patriotic airs. Announcement by the police that the midnight closing law would be enforced rigidly cut hotel and restaurant festivities down markedly. In Cincinnati the police had the promise of every hotel, cafe and saloon keeper to close promptly at midnight. Similar conditions prevailed in Detroit and Indianapolis.

Then came the Great War. And then prohibition.

So at present the celebration of New Year's Eve and New Year's Day is betwixt and between.

What will it be ten years from now? And what a century hence?

Wings of Birds and Fishes

By studying the wing structure of flying fish, an authority on the flight of birds has found that their wings are some four or five times as efficient for soaring flight as the wings of birds. He attributes this to the fact that the fin rays formed projected ridges on the under surface of the wings. By experimenting with models fashioned on similar lines, he found that the fin ray caused a sheltered area to appear back of the ray when the model moved through the air. His conclusion is that this sheltered area acts as a force to drive the wing ahead when soaring.

"Saint Tammany."

St. Tammany, the tutelary genius of the famous Tammany Society of New York city, was a famous Indian chief, about whom many fancied legends have gathered. He is said to have been a native of Delaware. After attaining his majority, St. Tammany removed to the banks of the Ohio, where he became the great sachem of his tribe, and acquired a wide reputation for wisdom, firmness and moderation. According to tradition, he signed the treaty with William Penn, and was chosen by the troops of Washington as patron saint in place of St. George. His principal maxim was "Unite. In peace for mutual happiness; in war for mutual defense." For what reason he was called "Saint" does not appear in any of the literature about him.

CREDENTIALS WERE THEN IN ORDER

Surely Writer Should Have Been Equipped With the Implements of His Alleged Profession.

Clayton Hamilton, lecturer on the drama, who has just returned from two years spent in Hollywood, brings back this new movie story:

"One of the big film companies had just acquired a new president fresh from the cloak-and-suit trade. His watchword was efficiency and one of the first things he did was to visit the company's studio at Hollywood, where he spent several days, prying into everything, insistently demanding efficiency.

"One day a very famous American author, one of whose novels was being filmed, happened to be crossing the lot, when he encountered the new president.

"'And you,' the president demanded, 'what do you do here?'

"'I'm a writer,' said the astonished author.

"'A writer—you a writer!' exclaimed the president, irately. 'A writer! Where is your pencil and paper?'"

Odd Contrasts in China.

No country anywhere else presents such striking contrasts as China. On the land the farmer is doing his work by primitive methods precisely as his ancestors did a thousand years ago, while in the city his brother or son is driving an engine, running a cotton mill or operating a cold-storage plant. The extraordinary feature is that the nation that invented credit, gunpowder, paper, ink, printing, glass and porcelain should, after the lapse of all the centuries, be engaged in acquiring what amounts to the second steps in the advancement of the very arts and crafts that it introduced.—Isaac F. Marcosson in the Saturday Evening Post.

THE GULF STREAM

A correspondent writes a surprising story about the influence of the Gulf stream upon Ireland. He says that there is a stretch of about ten miles at Achill Head, County Mayo, where the stream hits Ireland. This point is actually tropical, and bananas, palms and various flora flourish there as they do in the tropics, while a mile or so either north or south of this point has the cold, damp temperature of the rest of Ireland.

Scotland's Patron Saint

St. Andrew's day is November 30. St. Andrew, the patron saint of Scotland, was the first disciple of Christ, and afterward an apostle. He was, like his brother, Peter, a fisherman. Previous to his recognition of Christ as the Messiah he had been numbered among the disciples of John, the Baptist. The career of St. Andrew as an apostle after the death of Christ is unknown. Tradition says that after preaching the Gospel in Scythia, northern Greece, and Epirus, he suffered martyrdom on the cross at Patrae, in Achaia, 62 or 70 A. D. A cross formed of beams obliquely placed is styled St. Andrew's cross. St. Andrew is held in great veneration in Russia as the apostle who, according to tradition, first preached the Gospel in that country, and in both Scotland and Russia there is an order of knighthood named for his honor.

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ROGERS BILL COMBINES IDEAS

THERE is little new in principle to be found in the Rogers bill for the re-organization and re-classification of the foreign service, now before Congress. It classifies the service, and we have long had a classified departmental service outside the foreign service, and inside, for that matter, the change in this instance being that it will remove the wall which stands now between the diplomatic and the consular service, so that they will be interchangeable. It makes some provision for post allowances, a plan which was adopted two or three years ago. It bonds consular officers, which is nothing new. It provides a retirement system for foreign service officers, and we have one for the classified civil service, and have maintained one for army and navy officers since the establishment of those services.

The Rogers bill is a combination of many ideas long since legislated into being, but some of them withheld, for reasons unexplainable, from the men who serve their country abroad. The bill would remedy such oversights.

The interchangeable feature is very important. As pointed out by Director Carr, of the Consular Service, at present if the State Department has in mind a corking good man for counselor to a particular embassy, that man may be serving as a consul general at $8,000 to $12,000. To make him a counselor would necessitate reducing his salary to $4,000. Or, vice versa, it might be thought best to assign a secretary class one to a certain post as consul general, when his salary would have to be raised from $4,000 to the pay of a consul general. The State Department, because of these artificial and haphazard classifications, is frequently prevented from putting the best men in the places for which they are particularly adapted. But by combining the two services and calling them all foreign service officers, graded, as the bill provides, from $3,000, class 9, to $9,000, class 1, greater mobility is permitted. We will have interchangeability and promote morale at the same time.

SPIRIT OF XMAS GIVING

WHILE reports are coming in telling of the greatest and best Xmas of all time, we still hear the protests of the materialists and sceptics who would do away with this needless and thoughtless giving. On the one hand, we have those who would continue to give useful gifts to relatives and friends and the poor and needy, thus keeping alive that Spirit of Xmas that has been an institution of joy to countless millions of people annually for nearly 2000 years. On the other hand, we have those cold materialists who in their scramble for gold and its power would sacrifice the best holiday of the year, that they might save a few paltry dollars.

Each year various organizations, especially the churches and other religious institutions, make a habit of distributing gifts of food and clothing to the extremely poor of their respective communities. This year's donations to the poor far exceeded all others, and surely these donations were appreciated even more than usual because of the scarcity of work and coal.

It would indeed be a sad state of affairs were we to do away with Xmas and its spirit. Surely those who advocate an abolition of Xmas giving have not taken into consideration the consequences of such a step. The Transcript heartily supports this spirit of giving each Xmas even as the Shepherds gave presents to the Christ Child before us.

U. S. WILL REDEEM

MR. BONAR LAW says that Great Britain will not be able to pay its debt to the United States until Germany pays its reparations bill. How do British citizens like repudiation of that sort? The United States can follow the same principle by notifying the owners of $10,000,000,000 worth of Liberty Bonds that those securities cannot be redeemed unless the allied debts to this country are paid. Of course this government will do no such thing. Its obligations will be met in full whether the debts due it are received or not. The difference will be that our own taxpayers have got to put up that additional amount, instead of having it come from those to whom their money was loaned.

THE ONUS OF THE BONUS

THE Ex-Service Men's Anti-Bonus League is conducting a poll of the veterans in an effort to ascertain just how many of them are in favor of a bonus. The League states that the American Legion has a membership of 700,000 out of 4,000,000 ex service men, and asserts that the Legion is losing members all the time because it continues to advocate a bonus.

FAGS PAY BIG TAX INCREASE

Internal Revenue Receipts in Tobacco Jump $15,500,000 in Year.

Tobacco users paid almost 9 per cent of the $3,197,000,000 in internal revenue received by the government in the fiscal year 1922. Income and profits taxes accounted for 65 per cent of the total.

From tobacco and its manufactures the government received $270,759,000 statistics show. This was an increase of $15,500,000 over the amount collected by the government from that source in 1921. The increase was almost wholly from taxes on cigarettes, which totaled $150,128,000. Chewing and smoking tobacco taxes totaled $36,342,000 and cigars, $44,184,000, a decrease of $6,883,000 from 1921.

The automobile industry paid the government $104,430,000 in the fiscal year 1922, though the manufacturers' excise tax was $11,116,000 less than was collected in 1921. Candy and chewing gum netted the government less in taxes by $2,945,000.

Nonalcoholic beverages showed a heavy total tax decline; $33,489,000 was paid, compared with $58,676,000 last year. Taxes on admissions to theaters, concerts, cabarets, etc., amounted to $73,374,000, a reduction of $16,357,000 from last year.

Illinois paid in income and profits taxes $179,411,000, a decrease compared with 1921 of 37 per cent.

DEER ARE PLENTIFUL

Said to Be Destroying Gardens in Seattle, Wash.

Deer, now so plentiful in Seattle as to be a nuisance, are destroying people's back-yard gardens.

The latest complaint reached the police from H. B. Slauson of 5416 Morgan street.

He reported that five of the animals invaded his onion patch and that he had great difficulty driving them away after they had devoured all his onions.

The deer are thought to be part of a herd that swam across from Mercer island recently and has taken up summer quarters in the Seward park district on Lake Washington.

Go Back to Fifteenth Century.

If anything should astonish us about trees it is their longevity. The life of animals is ephemeral compared to that of our trees. The pine and great chestnut can assuredly extend their existence to a term of 400 or 500 years. In the Island of Teneriffe are found many venerable pines and enormous chestnut trees which in all probability were planted there by the conquistadores at the commencement of the Fifteenth century, the epoch of the invasion of the island.

The former are distinguished from the others, owing to the conquerors having in their piety decorated them nearly all with little madonnas, which are still seen suspended to their boughs.

Albanian "Mean" Shot With Rifle.

The Albanian male is a creature of strange extremes, according to Kenneth L. Roberts, in a Balkan Jottings" in the Saturday Evening Post. When encountered in his mountain fastnesses, garbed in flaring ballet skirts or baggy felt trousers—according to the section of the country in which he lives—and a half portion jacket with pompons on the elbows, he is what an American cavalryman would call a bad hombre.

The Albanian carries a silver-mounted rifle, a silver-mounted revolver attached to his person by a heavy silver chain, and a waist-band full of edged tools and miscellaneous kitchen knives. He is a "mean" shot with a rifle, and can shoot his initials in a horse's ear at a distance of 10 paces. His sacred honor is constantly being damaged by careless neighbors, and the only way in which he can repair the damage is to shoot an intricate pattern of holes through the person who did the foul deed.

Origin of the Word "Cop."

The word "cop" originated in London, being derived from the three initials of "constable of police." This interesting bit of information comes from Police Commissioner Enright of New York City.

Chief Enright's theory of how the word "cop" came into being has experience, precedent and probability to back it. It has experience, because Commissioner Enright is conversant with police affairs. It has precedent, because when the words of a phrase happen to have initials which, taken together, can be pronounced in one syllable, there is a tendency to lump them in one, and so form a new word. It has probability because the etymology suggested is simple and natural. "Cop" is an abbreviation which any English-speaking public would like to make of "constable of police."

Nobody knows all about a word until he has looked up its origin. To do that is one of the best of helps toward fixing the meaning of words much longer and far less familiar than "cop" lastingly in the mind.—Buffalo Times.

Known to Each Other.

I find it most difficult to remember names, and, this failing, often gets me into trouble. At a dance one evening I was introduced to a charming girl, who was standing by the door of the ballroom waiting for her partner. We stood talking for a few moments, when an acquaintance came up to talk to me, and I, starting out glibly to introduce the two, realized I had completely forgotten the girl's name.

"I beg your pardon. I would like to present Mr. Wilson, and I am afraid I have forgotten your name," I remarked, apologetically.

"That's perfectly all right," she answered. "He's my husband."—Exchange.

Just a Gesture.

"What good did it do you to empty your shotgun at that aviator? You couldn't possibly hit him."

"Well," replied the irate farmer, "I'm gettin' tired of them fellers flyin' low over my property. He couldn't hear me cuss. What other way did I have to express my sentiments?—Birmingham Age-Herald.

SATURDAY
1st SHOW STARTS
7.15 P. M.
2d SHOW STARTS
9.00 P.M.
Two Shows

"THE EVERETT" THEATRE

J. E. LEWIS, Prop.

Program for week beginning Jan. 1st

ADMISSION
ADULTS, 28 Cents
CHILDREN, 10 Cents
Including War Tax

START THE NEW YEAR RIGHT BY SEEING
WILLIAM FOX'S Special Production
"Silver Wings"
with
Mary Carr

MONDAY, JAN. 1st, 1923

You remember Mary Carr in "Over The Hill." This is another such romance. Childhood—Youth—Smiles—Love—Pride—Heart Throbs—Romance—Wealth—Poverty—Cheer—Humor—Injustice—Retribution—Character—Greed—Treachery—Truth—Trust—Courage and Home, all interwoven in without question one of the big specials of the year. See it, because it will live in beautiful memories your whole life time. We are giving you pictures that have had first runs in the Stanley theatre, Philadelphia, and the Capitol theatre in New York City. Money cannot buy better productions than "Silver Wings." The New York World says—"The cleanest, finest picture ever screened." We have secured this picture for New Year's night and we are willing to put it in to you at a fair box office price. Space will not allow us to describe it, so ask for one of our special heralds. Plenty of added attractions including Pathe News, 2 reel comedy. Prices 39c and 17c. This picture has never shown in Delaware at these prices. We trust friends that you will be present.

TUESDAY, JAN. 2d
"Silver Wings"
with the following changes in short subjects: Charles Hutchison in "Go Get 'Em Hutch," Harold Lloyd comedy. Screen snap shots. Prices 17c and 39c.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 3d
A PARAMOUNT PICTURE
featuring
William S. Hart
—in—
"White Oak"

Your screen favorite is due on the above date in the kind of picture that you like to see him in. Released by William S. Hart. The story opens in the deserts of Utah, and takes you thru many complicated situations. Suspense, action and thrills with Wm. S. Hart as a two-gun man, out to get the man who was responsible for his sister's death. This is a clean picture of the better class. Fox News, Century comedy.

THURSDAY, JAN. 4th
House rented to Delaware College, when they will present
"The Magistrate"

A musical comedy in three acts. This play by Sir Arthur Wing Pinero presented by the U. of D. was a big success in Newark last Wednesday evening. It is playing Plaza Theatre at Milford, then The Everett Theatre Middletown, and the Playhouse in Wilmington. The following is the program: Beatie Tomlinson, a young music teacher, G. B. McManus, '23; Cis Farringdon, Mrs Posket's son by first marriage, R. Heinold, '26; Wyke, servant at the Poskets', Charles E. Green, '25; Popham, a maid at the Poskets' G. S. Robinson, '23; Agatha Posket, late Farringdon, Jas. E Tilghman, '24; Mr. Posket, Mr. Bullamy, magistrate at the Mulberry Street Police Court, Clifford A. Smith, '24. Paul Leahy, '26; Charlotte Verrinder, sister to Mrs. Posket, C. N. Wade, '23; Isadore, a waiter, Hyman A. Yanowitz, '26; Achille Blond, Prop. of the Hotel des Princes, Chas. Levy, '26; Colonel Lukyn, from Bengal, retired, A. V. Travers; Captain Horace, Vail, Shropshire Fusiliers, F. J. Rowan, '23; Inspector Messiter, Constable Harris, Sergeant Lugg, of the Metropolitan Police, Frank Else, '23, R. D. J. Raught, '25; J. C. Snyder, '25; Mr. Wormington, Chief Clerk at Mulberry St., P. Leahy, '26. Prices 25c, 50c and 75c. Tickets on sale by the Middletown High School students.

FRIDAY, JAN. 5th
METRO PICTURE COR. Presents
Alice Lake
—in—
"Kisses"

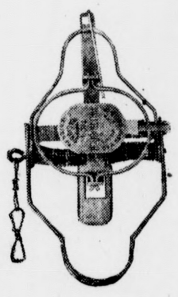
A dainty little star in a dainty little picture as sweet as kisses. Oh! Boy! Space will not allow us to describe it. Come see for yourself. Mutt and Jeff. "Perils of the Yukon," Pathe Review, Æsop's Fables.

SATURDAY, JAN. 6th
WILLIAM FOX Presents
Buck Jones
—in—
"Bells of San Juan"

A true western story. The tolling bells told a tragic story and Buck Jones is going to ring them in The Everett theatre Saturday night. Come see one of the greatest western pictures ever filmed. Sunshine comedy, Fox News, Regenal Denny in "The Leather Pushers."

TRAPPERS AND MARSH OWNERS

MUSKRATS are going to be worth more this coming season than they were last. You are losing 1-3 of them with the traps you are using and you cannot afford to do it. "TWO TRIGGER" traps hold them all and are cheaper in cost in the end than jump traps because they last so much longer.



THEY ARE GUARANTEED TO PREVENT WRINGING OFF OR CHEWING OUT.
THEIR SPRINGS ARE GUARANTEED NOT TO BREAK.
THEY DO NOT HAVE TO BE SET TO DROWN.
YOU WILL NOT HAVE NEARLY AS MANY DAMAGED SKINS.

We, ourselves, caught 3977 muskrats in them last season without a single loss. We used 1100 traps and did not have a broken spring.

Ask your dealer to get them for you. If he will not we will send them to you, transportation paid, upon receipt of price, which is 65c each in less than dozen lots, $7.00 a dozen in lots of a dozen or over. Returnable for the price paid if not as guaranteed.

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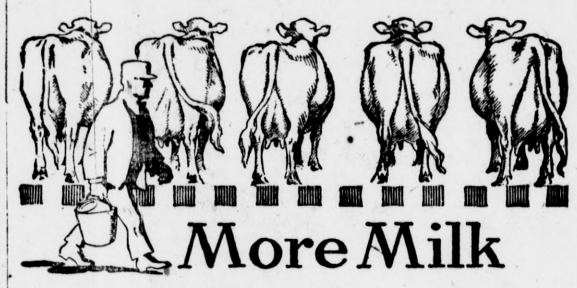
W. A. GIBBS & SON
Dept. E. CHESTER, PA.



More Milk

HALF a gallon more milk from each cow every day, will more than pay your feed bill.

Nearly every cow owner gets that increase with Purina Cow Chow.

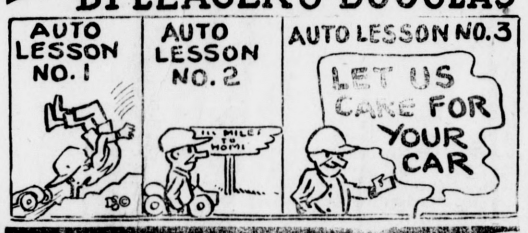
It costs about a dollar a month more to feed Cow Chow, but that difference is more than made up in the first week. The rest of the month you get your extra milk for nothing.

Feed out of the Checkerboard Bag and you will get more milk.

Sold in Checkerboard Bags Only

Sold by **J. W. VOSHELL**
Middletown Delaware

AUTO MOVIES
BY LEAGER & DOUGLAS



ATLANTIC GASOLINE 23c Gallon

The Transcript $1.00 Per Year

DELAWARE TRUST COMPANY
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FREDERICA

HOW ABOUT YOUR WILL?

The appointment of a friend or relative as Executor or Trustee under Will may seem a graceful compliment. It is more likely to prove a grievous imposition.

The wiser, safer way is to entrust the management of your estate to the DELAWARE TRUST COMPANY and thus make sure that the interests of your dependents are safeguarded.

CHAS. M. CURTIS, Trust Officer.

SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Lev. Fac. Mechanics Lien to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, southeast corner of Eleventh and King streets, city of Wilmington, New Castle County, Delaware,
ON SATURDAY,
DECEMBER 30TH, 1922,
at 10 o'clock, A. M.,
the following described real estate:

That the said houses, buildings or structures are located on two certain lots (herein described as one) piece or parcel of land situate in Brandywine Hundred, New Castle County and State of Delaware, and known on the plan of Penn Rose as lots Nos. 60 and 61 as said plan is of record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds &c., in and for New Castle County aforesaid in Deed Record L. Volume 19, page 601 &c., and more particularly bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the southwesterly side of Thirty-eighth street at the distance of sixty feet northwesterly from the northwesterly side of Spruce street; thence southwesterly, and parallel with Spruce street seventy-five feet, ten and one-fourth inches to the northeasterly side of Robinson Avenue; thence in a northwesterly direction along the aforesaid side of Robinson Avenue, forty feet more or less to a corner of lot No. 59 thence northeasterly along said side of said lot and parallel with the first mentioned line and Spruce street eighty-seven feet, six and seven-eighths inches to the aforesaid southwesterly side of Thirty-eighth street; thence thereby southeasterly forty feet to the place of beginning. Be the contents thereof what they may. The above lots being known as Nos. 3902 and 3906 Market street, Wilmington, Delaware.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Cecelia A. Concannon owner or reputed owners and William M. Connelly, Contractor, and to be sold by
JOSEPH H. GOULD, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., December 8, 1922.

SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Lev. Fac., to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, southeast corner of Eleventh and King streets, city of Wilmington, New Castle County, Delaware,
ON SATURDAY,
DECEMBER 30TH, 1922,
at 10 o'clock, A. M.,
the following described real estate:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel or land with the buildings thereto erected, situate in the city of Wilmington, county of New Castle and State of Delaware, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the southerly side of Reed street at the distance of one hundred feet, more or less easterly from the intersection of said southerly side of Reed street with the easterly side of VanBuren street thence southerly parallel with VanBuren street, and passing through the centre of the division wall between the house on this lot and the house on the lot adjoining on the west eighty-three feet more or less, to the northerly side of a four-feet wide alley running parallel with Reed street; thence with said alley side easterly twelve feet two inches more or less to a point thence northerly parallel with VanBuren street and passing through the centre of the division wall between the house on this lot and the house on the lot adjoining on the east, eighty-three feet more or less to the said side of Reed street and thence thereby westerly twelve feet two inches to the place of beginning. Be the contents thereof what they may. Together with the right to the use of said alley in common with others entitled thereto forever.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Cecelia A. Concannon and to be sold by
JOSEPH H. GOULD, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., December 8, 1922

ESTATE OF JANE ARMSTRONG, Deceased. Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration upon the Estate of Jane Armstrong, late of St Georges Hundred, deceased, were duly granted unto Minnie A. Brown, on the seventeenth day of October, A. D. 1922 and all persons indebted to said deceased are requested to make payment to the Administratrix without delay, and all persons having demands against the deceased are required to exhibit and present the same duly probated to the said Administratrix on or before the seventeenth day of October, A. D. 1923, or abide by the law in this behalf.
MINNIE A. BROWN,
Address Administratrix.
GEO. L. TOWNSEND, JR.,
Attorney at Law,
Ford Building,
Wilmington, Delaware.

ESTATE OF HENRIETTA V. PARVIS, Deceased. Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary upon the Estate of Henrietta V. Parvis, late of St. Georges Hundred, deceased, were duly granted unto Edward Hart and Ethel Brown on the seventeenth day of July, A. D. 1922, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to make payment to the Executors without delay, and all persons having demands against the deceased are required to exhibit and present the same duly probated to the said Executors on or before the seventeenth day of July, A. D. 1923, or abide by the law in this behalf.
EDWARD HART,
ETHEL BROWN,
Address Executors.
MARTIN B. BURRIS,
Attorney-at-Law,
Middletown, Delaware.

ESTATE OF WINFIELD LATTOMUS, Deceased. Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration upon the Estate of Winfield Lattomus late of Appoquinimink Hundred, deceased, were duly granted unto Winfield W. Lattomus on the Fourteenth day of November A. D. 1922 and all persons indebted to said deceased are requested to make payments to the Administrator without delay, and all persons having demands against the deceased are required to exhibit and present the same duly probated to the said Administrator on or before the Fourteenth day of November A. D. 1923, or abide by the law in this behalf.
WINFIELD W. LATTOMUS,
Address Administrator.
Townsend, Delaware

Taking Desperate Chances

It is true that many contract severe colds and recover from them without taking any precaution or treatment, and a knowledge of this fact leads others to take their chances instead of giving their colds the needed attention. It should be borne in mind that every cold weakens the lungs, lowers the vitality, makes the system less able to withstand each succeeding attack and paves the way for the more serious diseases. Can you afford to take such desperate chances when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, famous for its cures of bad colds may be had for a trifle?

Beasley's Christmas Party

By BOOTH TARKINGTON

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VI—Continued.
—7—

"From the Despatch, hay?" Mr. Peck gave me greeting, as he wound a knit comforter about his neck. "That's good. We'd most give you up. This here's Mr. Grist, and Mr. Henry P. Cullop, and Mr. Gus Schulmeyer—three men that feel the same way about Dave Beasley that I do. That other young feller," he waved a mittened hand to the fourth man—"he's from the Journal. Likely you're acquainted."

The young man from the Journal was unknown to me; moreover, I was far from overjoyed at his presence in the group.

"I've got you newspaper men here," continued Mr. Peck, "because I'm goin' to show you somep'n' about Dave Beasley that'll open a good many folk's eyes when it's in print."

"Well, what is it?" I asked, rather sharply.

"Jest hold your horses a little bit," he returned. "Grist and me knows, and so do Mr. Cullop and Mr. Schulmeyer. And I'm goin' to take them and you two reporters to look at it. All ready? Then come on."

He threw open the door, stooped to the gust that took him by the throat, and led the way out into the storm.

"What is he up to?" I gasped to the Journal man as we followed in a straggling line.

"I don't know any more than you do," he returned. "He thinks he's got something that'll queer Beasley. Peck's an old fool, but it's just possible he's got hold of something. Nearly everybody has one thing, at least, that they don't want found out. It may be a good story. Lord, what a night!"

I pushed ahead to the leader's side. "See here, Mr. Peck—" I began, but he cut me off.

"You listen to me, young man! I'm givin' you some news for your paper, and I'm gittin' at it my own way, but I'll git at it, don't you worry! I'm goin' to let some folks around here know what kind of a feller Dave Beasley really is; yes, and I'm goin' to show George Dowden he can't laugh at me!"

"You're going to show Mr. Dowden?" I said. "You mean you're going to take him along with us on this expedition, too?"

"Take him!" Mr. Peck emitted an acrid bark of laughter. "I guess he's at Beasley's, all right."

"No, he isn't; he's at home—at Mrs. Apperthwaite's—playing cards."

"What!"

"I happen to know that he'll be there all evening."

Mr. Peck smote his palms together. "Grist!" he called over his shoulder, and his colleague struggled forward. "Listen to this: even Dowden ain't at Beasley's. Ain't the Lord workin' fer us tonight?"

"Why don't you take Dowden with you," I urged, "if there's anything you want to show him?"

"By George, I will!" shouted Peck. "I've got him where the hair's short now!"

"That's right," said Grist.

"Gentlemen"—Peck turned to the others—"when we git to Mrs. Apperthwaite's, jest stop outside along the fence a minute. I reckon we'll pick up a recruit."

Shivering, we took up our way again in single file, stumbling through drifts that had deepened incredibly within the hour. The wind was straight against us, and so stingingly sharp and so laden with the driving snow that when we reached Mrs. Apperthwaite's gate (which we approached from the north, not passing Beasley's) my eyes were so full of smarting tears I could see only blurred planes of light dancing vaguely in the darkness, instead of brightly lighted windows.

"Now," said Peck, panting and turning his back to the wind; "the rest of you gentlemen wait out here. You two newspaper men, you come with me."

He opened the gates and went in, the Journal reporter and I following—all three of us wiping our half-blinded eyes. When we reached the shelter of the front porch, I took the key from my pocket and opened the door.

"I live here," I explained to Mr. Peck.

"All right," he said. "Jest step in and tell George Dowden that Sim Peck's out here and wants to see him at the door a minute. Be quick."

I went into the library, and there sat Dowden contemplatively playing bridge with two of the elderly ladies and Miss Apperthwaite. The last-mentioned person quite took my breath away.

In honor of the Christmas eve (I supposed) she wore an evening dress of black lace, and the only word for what she looked has suffered such misuse that one hesitates over it: yet that is what she was—regal—and no less! There was a sort of splendor about her. It detracted nothing from this that her expression was a little sad: something not uncommon with her lately; a certain melancholy, faint but detectable, like breath on a mirror. I had attributed it to Jean Valjean, though perhaps tonight it might have been due merely to bridge.

"What is it?" asked Dowden, when, after an apology for disturbing the game, I had drawn him out in the hall.

I motioned toward the front door. "Simeon Peck. He thinks he's got something on Mr. Beasley. He's waiting to see you."

uttered a sharp, half-co- her mation and stepped quickly to pr. "Peck!" he said, as he jerked open.

"Oh, I'm here!" declared that gentleman, stepping into view. "I've come around to let you know that you couldn't laugh like a horse at me no more, George Dowden! So you weren't invited, either."

"Invited?" said Dowden. "Invited where?"

"Over to the ball your friend is givin'."

"What friend?"

"Dave Beasley. So you ain't quite good enough to dance with his high-society friends!"

"What are you talking about?" Dowden demanded, impatiently.

"I reckon you won't be quite so strong fer Beasley," responded Peck, with a vindictive little giggle, "when you find he can use you in his business, but when it comes to entertainin'—oh no, you ain't quite the boy!"

"I'd appreciate your explaining," said Dowden. "It's kind of cold standing here."

Peck laughed shrilly. "Then I reckon you better git your hat and coat and come along. Can't do us no harm, and might be an eye-opening fer you. Grist and Gus Schulmeyer and Hank Cullop's waitin' out yonder at the gate. We he'n havin' kind of a consultation at my house over somep'n' Grist seen at Beasley's a little earlier in the evening."

"What did Grist see?"

"Cabs! Cabs drivin' up to Beasley's house—a whole lot of 'em. Grist was down the street a piece, and it was pretty dark, but he could see the lamps and hear the doors slam as the people got out. Besides, the whole place is lit up from cellar to attic. Grist come on to my house and told me about it, and I begun usin' the telephone; called up all the men that count in the party—found most of 'em at home, too. I ast 'em if they was invited to this ball tonight; and

"Gentlemen"—Peck Turned to the Others—"When We Git to Mrs. Apperthwaite's, Just Stop Outside Along the Fence a Minute."

not a one of 'em was. They're only in politics; they ain't high society enough to be ast to Mr. Beasley's dancin'-parties! But I would 'a' thought he'd let you in—anyways fer the second table!" Mr. Peck shrilled out his acrid and exultant laugh again. "I got these fellers from the newspapers, and all I want is to git this here ball in print tomorrow, and see what the boys that do the work at the primaries have to say about it—and what their wives'll say about the man that's too high-toned to have 'em in his house. I'll bet Beasley thought he was goin' to keep these doin's quiet; afraid the farmers might not believe he's jest the plain man he sets up to be—afraid that folks like you that ain't invited might turn against him. I'll fool him! We're goin' to see what there is to see, and I'm goin' to have these boys from the newspapers write a full account of it. If you want to come along, I expect it'll do you a power o' good."

"I'll go," said Dowden, quickly. He got his coat and hat from a table in the hall, and we rejoined the huddled and shivering group at the gate.

"Got my recruit, gents!" shrilled Peck, slapping Dowden boisterously on the shoulders. "I reckon he'll git a change of heart tonight!"

And now, sheltering my eyes from the stinging wind, I saw what I had been too blind to see as we approached Mrs. Apperthwaite's. Beasley's house was illuminated; every window, up stairs and down, was aglow with rosy light. That was luminously evident, although the shades, or most of them, were lowered.

"Look at that!" Peck turned to Dowden, giggling triumphantly. "Wha'd I tell you! How do you feel about it now?"

"But where are the cabs?" asked Dowden, gravely.

"Folks all come," answered Mr. Peck, with complete assurance. "Won't be no more cabs till they begin to go home."

We plunged ahead as far as the corner of Beasley's fence, where Peck stopped us again, and we drew together, slapping our hands and stamping our feet. Peck was delighted—a thoroughly happy man; his sour giggle of exultation had become continuous, and the same jovial break was audible in Grist's voice as he said to the Journal reporter and me:

"Go ahead, boys. Git your story. We'll wait here fer you."

The Journal reporter started toward the gate; he had gone, perhaps twenty feet when Simeon Peck whistled in sharp warning. The reporter stopped short in his tracks.

Beasley's front door was thrown open, and there stood Beasley himself in evening dress, bowing and smiling, but not at us, for he did not see us. The bright hall behind him was beautiful with evergreen streamers and wreaths, and great flowering plants in jars. A strain of dance-music wandered out to us as the door opened, but there was nobody except David Beasley in sight, which certainly seemed peculiar—for a ball!

"Rest of 'em inside, dancin'," explained Mr. Peck, crouching behind the picket-fence. "It'll be the house is more'n half full o' low-necked wimmin!"

"Sh!" said Grist. "Listen to Dave Beasley."

Beasley had begun to speak, and his voice, loud and clear, sounded over the wind. "Come right in, Colonel!" he said. "I'd have sent a cab for you if you hadn't telephoned me this afternoon that your rheumatism was so bad you didn't expect to be able to come. I'm glad you're well again. Yes, they're all here, and the ladies are getting up a dance in the sitting-room."

(It was at this moment that I received upon the calf of the right leg a kick, the ecstatic violence of which led me to attribute it, and rightly, to Mr. Dowden.)

"Gentlemen's dressing-room upstairs to the right, Colonel," called Beasley, as he closed the door.

There was a pause of awed silence among us.

(I improved it by returning the kick to Mr. Dowden. He made no acknowledgment of its reception other than to sink his chin a little deeper into the collar of his ulster.)

"By the Almighty!" said Simeon Peck, hoarsely. "Who—what was Dave Beasley talkin' to? There wasn't nobody there!"

"Git out," Grist bade him; but his tone was perturbed. "He seen that reporter. He was givin' us the laugh."

"He's crazy!" exclaimed Peck, vehemently.

Immediately all four members of his party began to talk at the same time: Mr. Schulmeyer agreeing with Grist, and Mr. Cullop holding with Peck that Beasley had surely become insane; while the Journal man, returning, was certain that he had not been seen. Argument became a wrangle; excitement over the remarkable scene we had witnessed, and, perhaps, a certain sharpness partially engendered by the risk of freezing, led to some bitterness. High words were flung upon the wind. Eventually, Simeon Peck got the floor to himself for a moment.

"See here, boys, there's no use gittin' mad amongs' ourselves," he vociferated. "One thing we're all agreed on: nobody here never seen no such a dam peculiar performance as we jest seen in their whole lives before. Thurfore, ball or no ball, there's somep'n' mighty wrong about this business. Ain't that so?"

They said it was.

"Well, then, there's only one thing to do—let's find out what it is."

"You bet we will."

"I wouldn't send no one in there alone," Peck went on, excitedly, "with a crazy man. Besides, I want to see what's goin' on, myself."

"And so do we!" This declaration was unanimous.

"Then let's see if there ain't some way to do it. Perhaps he ain't pulled all the shades down on the other side the house. Lots o' people fergit to do that."

There was but one mind in the party regarding this proposal. The next minute saw us all cautiously sneaking into the side yard, a ragged line of bent and flapping figures, black against the snow.

Simeon Peck's expectations were fulfilled—more than fulfilled. Not only were all the shades of the big three-faced bay-window of the "sitting room" lifted, but (evidently on account of the too great generosity of a huge log-fire that blazed in the old-fashioned chimney-place) one of the windows was half-raised as well. Here, in the shadow just beyond the rosy oblongs of light that fell upon the snow, we gathered and looked freely within.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

TRICKS EMPLOYED BY SMUGGLERS

Customs Officers Have to Be Very Wide Awake to Cope With Illicit Dealers in Drugs.

The smuggler of drugs has many tricks and wiles whereby he evades the law and introduces his wares into the country. A favorite method is to use artificial flowers for concealing cocaine, opium, and other drugs. One consignment of opium was smuggled through in the stalks of artificial poppies, while cocaine has been found in violets. Vegetables are even more satisfactory from the smuggler's point of view, for quite a large quantity of drugs can be concealed in a hollowed potato. Perhaps the strangest trick of all was the use of a stuffed dog. Probably it would never have been also been known to harbor other things besides meat. Not long ago a consignment of ink came under suspicion, and after a thorough search it was discovered that one in every ten of the bottles was a cunningly camouflaged receptacle for cocaine Briquettes, firelighters, opera hats, and cheese have also made their appearance in smuggling operations, and one German smuggler even inclosed the drugs in a model of the Cenotaph.

Seaman's Belief.

You will never find a sailor man allowing a glass to "ring" without putting out his hand at once to stop it. They say that when a glass is struck accidentally, and rings, a man is drowning at sea. To put out your hand to stop it saves him!

Cat an Important Personage.

In Holland a wet wedding day means that the bride has forgotten to feed the cat. In Germany, we are told, the peasants who desire fine weather for their washing day, must pay specia

PRETTY THINGS FOR HOME

LACE FROCKS FIND FAVOR;

SOME one makes all of the pretty things which we see in the shops, to beautify our homes and add interest to them, and almost every woman likes to enliven and change the countenance of her rooms occasionally. These embellishments have their day and women busy themselves replacing them with other and newer things, for styles change in furnishings as in other things. The group of dainty articles shown here is made up of things for a lady's room and includes a bag that will serve several purposes, a hand mirror, lamp shade, talcum sifter and crystal perfume bottle. They are only a few of many similar pieces, mostly made for the dressing table, and they reveal the mode in these feminine belongings and are sure to intrigue the clever needlewoman to try her hand at them.

THINGS TO EMBELLISH THE HOME

Plain and brocaded silk in rose, old blue or lavender, used with narrow gold lace or all-over gold lace or net, with the aid of tiny ribbon and chiffon flowers and lingerie or silk laces provide the means for their decorative finishings. Black satin or satin with a black ground and bright-colored stripes used with gold lace, is effectively used also—and all-over gold lace, stretched over crystal bottles, dishes, candlesticks and trays is very handsome without any color under it. Narrow gold lace and tiny colored flowers set in gold braid are used for finishing these pieces.

Small screens for the telephone or to screen an electric table lamp are among the new things made of colored chiffon and gold lace. They are somewhat simpler to make than the old-time ladies in their wide skirts, as shown in the picture. Both require a wire foundation and the shops carry the articles necessary for making them. Transparent bags of colored chiffon, or other sheer materials, are used to hold cotton balls to be used as individual powder puffs. They are suspended by ribbons and the balls are discarded after they are used, which reminds us that waste baskets to match the articles on the dressing case are among the other pretty luxuries displayed just now.

There are party frocks and party frocks and now is the time when they wait upon the pleasure of youth and pass in lovely procession through the holidays in midwinter galeties. Metal tissues as a background for colorful sheer fabrics, flowerlike taffetas, crepe de chine and laces all contribute to the allurement of the season's party frocks. Fashion smiles with equal favor on quaint bouffant styles and on the slim silhouette with flowing draperies and favors again light tones of gay colors for youthful wearers—as pink, light rose, blue, green, lavender and yellow. In accessories and foundations, gold and silver cloth add their sheen to all these other fabrics.

Among the whims of the mode appear berthas of lace. One might have expected the bertha to reappear along with the longer and full skirts and its welcome has been so enthusiastic that much has been made of it. It is shown on the party frock pictured of embroidered net and lace with low neck and short sleeves, in a wide example, made of lace. It falls from the neckline and partly covers the arms, forming the most conspicuous style-feature of the frock. The management of the girdle of narrow ribbon is noteworthy. It is finished with a full rosette, like a chrysanthemum, with many ends of ribbon falling from it and is placed at the front of the dress. This lovely party frock is a sensible choice for the girl who is not indulged in a number of such dresses, since she will not grow tired of lace and its style is appealing. Besides, lace is more easily freshened than other materials.

Some of the prettiest party frocks have plain bodices of silver cloth with full skirts of chiffon. The bodices are long-waisted and usually joined to the skirt under a girdle of roses made of the chiffon and silver cloth. Many variations in panels are added to insure an uneven hemline and contribute to the gracefulness of the dress. Girdles ending in rosettes,

LOVELY PARTY FROCK

made of silver or gold cloth and the dress fabric twisted together, are among the most effective means of managing the low waistline.

Julia Bottomley

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Large-Figured Prints.

Brilliantly colored prints, in silk and cotton, are to be very popular this winter and spring. They were used extensively at Deauville last summer and are a pleasant contrast from staid, one-toned gowns.

Richness in Fabrics.

There is more than a hint of barbaric splendor in the new brocaded silks and satins, not only for gowns, but also for linings to the season's fur wraps. One satin brocade shown blends nine different colors in an exquisite harmony, overlaid by an elusive silvery tone.

Accessories Match.

A clever idea of today is to have the fan and opera glasses match. Little glasses, mounted in lorgnette fashion, are enameled in colors to match fans of turquoise, almond green, American beauty and all the desirable shades.

Long Tassels.

Very long tassels are a feature of this winter's styles. Many have gone further than a yard in length and reach from the waist to hem.

New Colors.

Green, cafe au lait, and white are among the shades exploited in the new fashions.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL

Sunday School Lesson

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

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LESSON FOR DECEMBER 31

REVIEW

GOLDEN TEXT—The Spirit of the Lord is upon me, because he hath anointed me to preach the gospel to the poor.—Luke 4:18.

DEVOTIONAL READING—Psalm 98.

PRIMARY TOPIC—Favored Stories of the Quarter.

JUNIOR TOPIC—Jesus Went About Doing Good.

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—How Jesus Ministered to the People.

YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—Some Characteristics of Jesus' Ministry.

Since all the lessons of the quarter save one are from Luke, and the central and unifying theme is Jesus Christ, a profitable way to conduct the review, as suggested in Peloubet's Notes, would be to assign the following topics to the members of the class to make a brief report upon:

1. Christ's Mission to the World.
2. Christ's Helpers and How He Used Them.
3. Christ's Divine Power and How He Exercised It.
4. Christ's Methods of Teaching.
5. Christ's Love in Its Many Manifestations.
6. Christ's Courage and How He Showed It.
7. Christ's Foes and His Dealings With Them.
8. Christ's Pity for Sinners.
9. Christ's Passing Through Human Experience.
10. Christ as a Missionary and an Organizer.
11. Christ's Relation to the Father.
12. Christ's Preparation for the Climax of His Life.

Another way would be by summarizing each lesson, stating the outstanding topic and teaching of each lesson. The following suggestions are offered:

Lesson 1. The birth of John the Baptist, which from the human standpoint was impossible, was announced to his father, Zacharias. For his unbelief he was smitten with dumbness. God expects of his servant unquestioned belief in what He promises.

Lesson 2. Jesus was born in Bethlehem just as the prophet had foretold some 700 years before, and at the age of twelve years he consciously entered into the services of God's house. Though conscious of His divine being and mission, He lived a life of filial obedience.

Lesson 3. John the Baptist's ministry was a preparation for the coming of Christ. He fearlessly preached repentance and pronounced judgment upon the impenitent. Though a mighty preacher, he humbly declared that Christ was immeasurably greater than himself.

Lesson 4. Jesus Christ after His baptism was led by the Spirit into the wilderness to be tempted of the devil. The purpose was to test the reality of the incarnation. The result was complete victory—a demonstration of His ability to save to the uttermost all who trust Him.

Lesson 5. Isaiah foretold the golden age upon the earth when Christ will reign.

Lesson 6. While Jesus was here He healed all kinds of diseases and cast out devils. He authenticated His mission and proved His power to forgive sins by miraculous deeds.

Lesson 7. Jesus taught the disciples the principles which should govern in His kingdom. Only those who have been born from above can love their enemies.

Lesson 8. While in Simon's house at dinner, a woman who had been a notorious sinner anointed Jesus' feet and wiped them with her hair. The sinner's gratitude to Jesus for forgiveness is measured by the apprehension of sins forgiven.

Lesson 9. Jesus went forth throughout every city preaching the glad tidings of the Kingdom of God. The fact of salvation for sins through a crucified Redeemer is truly glad tidings.

Lesson 10. Jesus sent forth missionaries with the realization of the big task before them, and with power to perform supernatural deeds to authenticate their mission. Those who realize the bigness of their task will earnestly pray that the Lord will send forth laborers into His harvest.

Lesson 11. Jesus' reply to the question of a certain lawyer, "Who is my neighbor?" shows that the all-important consideration is not "Who is my neighbor?" but "How can I show that I am a neighbor?"

Lesson 12. A certain rich man in his perplexity over his prosperity decided to provide larger stores and settle down to a life of sensuous indulgence. The one who lays up treasures on earth and is not rich toward God is a fool.

True Prayer.

I have no doubt that the old idea of prayer, as a begging of God to set aside wise laws to accommodate puny and often foolish men, will more and more fade away as men grow wiser. But I think that all this will only prepare the way for true prayer—that prayer which seeks to get the highest spiritual good by conforming to the highest spiritual laws of our nature. This kind of prayer, I think, we shall no more outgrow than we shall outgrow hope, or love, or gratitude, or aspiration, or reverence, or the sense of dependence on a Higher Power, or the need, in our weakness and sorrow, to comfort and strength from some source higher than our poor selves.—Minister.

All in Christ.

All we want in Christ we shall find in Christ. If we want little, we shall find little; if we want much, we shall find much; and if, in utter helplessness, we cast our all on Christ, He will be to us the whole treasury of God.—Bishop Whittle.

Merchant Now Eats Anything on Table

"By the help of Tanlac I have overcome a case of nervous indigestion I had suffered from for ten or twelve years," is the emphatic statement of Norman W. Brown, well-known wall paper and paint dealer, of 213 N. Cedar St., Charlotte, N. C.

"My stomach was always out of fix and everything disagreed with me. I was troubled with heartburn and dizziness, and at times there was a pressure of gas around my heart that almost cut off my breath.

"Since taking Tanlac my digestion is fine. My appetite is a wonder and I eat just anything I want. In fact, my stomach acts and feels just like a new one and my nerves are as steady as a die. To put it all in a few words, I am just the same as a new man. It's a pleasure for me to tell my friends about Tanlac."

Tanlac is sold by all good druggists. —Advertisement.

A Boy and His Goat.

Ed and his brother Harry were the proud possessors of a goat. One day their mamma said: "Eddie, I saw Nanny standing with her fore feet on the fence."

"Oh, no, mamma," came the reply. Nanny had only two feet on the fence."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Not There.

"Philosophers are plentiful."

"You never run across one in the waiting room of a dentist."

Praise is due the man who makes good when conditions are bad.

Sore Eyes, Blood-Shot Eyes, Watery Eyes, Sticky Eyes, all healed promptly with nightly applications of Roman Eye Balsam. Adv.

There is something wrong with a woman who can't generate a few tears at a moment's notice.

Somehow the less account a man is the more faith some fool woman seems to have in him.

Doubt is the mother of truth.

Garfield Tea

Was Your Grandmother's Remedy

For every stomach and intestinal ill. This good old-fashioned herb home remedy for constipation, stomach ills and other derangements of the system so prevalent these days is in even greater favor as a family medicine than in your grandmother's day.

CURES COLDS — LA GRIPPE in 24 Hours — HILL'S in 3 Days — CASCARA QUININE — BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy world over. Demand box bearing Mr. Hill's portrait and signature. At All Druggists — 30 Cents

PISO'S for Coughs & Colds

COUGH? Try Piso's—astonishingly quick relief. A syrup unlike all others—pleasant—does not upset stomach—no opiates. 35c and 60c everywhere.

Girls! Girls!! Clear Your Skin With Cuticura

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

SENDS 2000 MILES FOR BEAR'S EMULSION

Mr. John D. Bear, Clearbrook, Va.

Dear Sir:—

Enclosed find Post Office money order for which please send me one bottle of Bear's Emulsion. I have used one bottle and I think it works fine. What will half a dozen bottles cost me delivered to my post office? I don't like to have them sent by Express, as I live forty miles from the railroad.

Your truly,

J. S. Stauffer, Kendrick, Colo.

The above letter shows what a wonderful reputation Bear's Emulsion has among the thousands who have used it. For coughs, colds, bronchitis, lung troubles and general run-down condition there is nothing more beneficial. Bear's Emulsion is for sale at leading druggists, price $1.25 a bottle.

GREEN MOUNTAIN ASTHMA COMPOUND

quickly relieves the distressing paroxysms. Used for 45 years and result of long experience in treatment of throat and lung diseases by Dr. J. B. Guild. FREE TRIAL BOX, Treatise on Asthma, its causes, treatment, etc., sent upon request. 25c. and $1.00 at druggists. J. H. GUILD CO., RUPERT, VT

ARNICA CREAM

"The Best for All Chaps"

A soothing lotion for chapped hands, lips and skin, and for sunburn, tan or freckles. Delightful after shaving. If not at your druggist, send us his name and we will have you supplied.

ARNICA CREAM COMPANY, Inc. Box 942 - Roanoke, Va.

Shaving Mirrors—Silvered frame; 10 inches diameter. Used also as table decorator and reflector stands. Special $4.00 offer for $1.00. Sent postpaid on receipt of $1.00. National Mirror Co., 311 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

spirit just bubbled
s locality on Monday,
n of day until the last
ght sounded, and the
was tucked away and
n turkey dinners, toys
, the day was one of
nd happiness. What a
s! And what a great
had on such a grand
o show the real spirit
eason one little boy in
t pleasure in sending
ard to a little girl who
nd who lived in Town,
ave a world of Yule-
hen he plainly wrote
am sorry you are sick
t well before Christ-
fellow although seven
written to his little
e age.

spent Christmas Day with friends in Townsend.

Charles Steller and wife, of Millville, N. J., spent Christmas with his brother Daniel Steller and wife.

A. A. Julian, a young business man of Wilmington, visited W. P. Wilson and wife on Friday evening.

Clinton Norman and wife, of Baltimore, are spending the holiday season with Edward Hart and wife.

Rev. G. P. Jones and wife were visited during the past week by their daughter Miss Martha Jones.

Daniel E. Jones and wife, of Wilmington, spent Christmas Day with his parents, D. B. Jones and wife.

Mrs. John Steller and children, of Taylors Bridge, spent Christmas evening with Daniel Steller and wife.

Clarence Scarborough and wife, of Wilmington, spent Christmas Day with her parents D. B. Jones and wife.

Miss Mayme Townsend, of Philadelphia, has been spending the holiday season with Walter Gill and wife.

Miss Corinne Outten and Earl Layman, of Wilmington, were Christmas visitors of R. R. Reynolds and wife.

Leroy Mannering, of Chester, Pa., is spending the holiday season with his parents Joseph Mannering and wife.

James H. Garton was visited the past week by his son Wright Garton and his friend, Mr. Horsey, both of Denton, Md.

Henry Hinger and wife, of Penny Hill, have been guests of Benjamin Hinger and wife, of near town, since Saturday.

Mrs. Edna Wiggin and daughter Mrs. Johnson spent Christmas Day with her son George Wiggin and family at Lakeside Mills.

Robert H. Morgan, Jr., wife and two children, of Wilmington, spent Christmas Day with his parents Robert H. Morgan and wife.

nk C. Hutchison and wife, of ington, were guests of his father Hutchison and his sister Mrs. ckson on Christmas Day.

Schwatka, wife and daughter and guest Isaac W[illegible]er, of Delaware City, spent Christmas Day with Mrs. Lottie Wells and s[illegible] Charles.

James Marvel, a well-known business man of Wilmington, was in town on Wednesday. He was seeking a farm on which to raise poultry on extensive scale.

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond C. Jones who have been ill with lagrippe are steadily improving, and this fact is very gratifying to their numerous friends here and elsewhere.

The condition of Mrs. Lizzie Collins is not showing much improvement according to the attending physician. Mrs. Collins who is ill with lagrippe, has been confined to her bed for over a week.

The young people of Townsend gave a Christmas dance in the school auditorium on Monday evening and the event, which was well attended, proved one of the most enjoyable affairs held for sometime.

Mrs. John Townsend entertained on Christmas Day her children and grandchildren. They were: John Townsend Jr., and wife, Wilmer Fennimore and wife and Wilmer, Jr. and Mariette, Robert Beardsley and wife and Robert Jr. and Dorothy.

Ill with sciatic rheumatism, our popular fellow-townsman Oliver Foraker, is but slightly better, after being confined to his bed for two weeks, and has suffered greatly at intervals. His genial companionship is keenly missed by many who know him as a true friend and a goood citizen.

An epidemic of colds now has nearly all of the town under the doctors care. The sick list is growing larger each day according to the physicians. Several of the oldtime lagrippe are among our residents, and it is the serious consequences may unless an abatement of the alarming condition may be seen.

ed Column

R SALE

unning and Trespass
THE TRANSCRIPT OFFICE.

SALE—Pure-bred Barred Rock Cockerels and Pullets. ALFRED HELLER. Ginn's Corner. P. O. Townsend.

FOR SALE—About 100 Chunk Stoves left, $3.00 and up. W. HARMAN REYNOLDS, Townsend, Del. Telephone 28R11.

FOR SALE—A nice lot of pure-bred Rhode Island Red chickens for stock. Apply to MRS. L. FRANK ELLISON, near St. Augustine, Md.

FOR SALE—Just received farm of 130 acres, 3 miles from Middletown. This farm will not be on the market but a short time. Call and see me. JOHN HELDMYER, JR., Middletown, Del.

FOR SALE—U. S. Government Underwear, 2,500,000 pieces New Government Wool Underwear purchased by us to sell to the public direct at 75c EACH. Actual retail value $2.50 each. All sizes, Shirts 34 to 46; Drawers 30 to 44. Send correct sizes. Pay Postman on delivery or send us money order. If underwear is not satisfactory, we will refund money promptly upon request. Dept. 24. THE PILGRIM WOOLEN CO., 1476 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE

Do you want your property in an agent's hand or do you want it sold? If sold, call to see JOHN HELDMYER, JR., Middletown, Del. Watch the sales of Real Estate.

I just received for Sale a dwelling on Lake St. two on South Broad St. with all moderate improvements. Also 50 acres of land near Warwick, Md., 158 acres near Kirkwood, 30 acres near Elkton and 32 acres near Clark's Corner, with 6 room Bungalow. Call to see JOHN HELDMYER, JR.

The undersigned started in the Real Estate business in July 1921, without any experience, nothing listed for sale and no buyers. Up to the present date he has sold 21 properties, with both buyers and sellers satisfied. He has not bought a single property, thus giving the seller the full advantage of the sale price. If you want your property satisfactorily sold, or desire to purchase, consult, JAMES T. SHALLCROSS, Real Estate Broker, Middletown, Del., Phone 71R13.

NOTICE

FEED GRINDING—I am prepared to grind feed on Wednesday and Thursday of each week. Also cut fodder on short notice. L. B. MARVEL, Phone 138R21, Townsend, Del.

WANTED

WANTED—A middle-aged or elderly lady for Housekeeper, white, one in family, on stone road and trolley line, about six miles south of Wilmington. Address H. GARRETT, New Castle, Del.

LOST

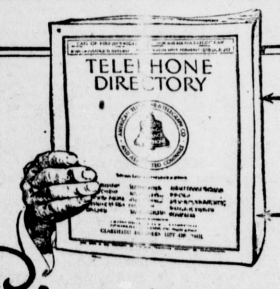
LOST—A grey Angora cat. Return to MRS. ROBERTS, Green street and receive $5 reward.

"White Oak" with William S. Hart will be shown at the Everett theatre next Wednesday evening.

To Our Subscribers

On Tuesday, December 12th, we mailed to our subscribers several hundred subscription bills. If YOU received one we will greatly appreciate an early remittance.

"The Magistrate," a three-act comedy will be presented by the U. of D. at the Everett Theatre next Thursday evening.



Going to press

New listings or changes of present listings should be received for the next issue of the Bell Telephone Directory before

JANUARY 5th, 1923.

So if you are planning to move, desire your listing changed or want advertising space in the new directory, see the Business Office at once.

Your Advertising Now

[illegible]TE TELEPHONE CO.

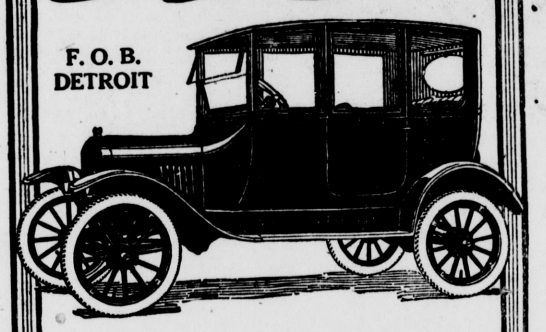
Ford

SEDAN

New Price

$595

F. O. B. DETROIT



At the new low price the Ford Sedan represents a greater value than has ever been offered.

It provides enclosed car comfort in a dependable, quality product at a minimum cost.

Your order placed now will insure reasonably prompt delivery. Terms if desired.

H. A. BURRIS

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

A Necessary Building

will last a life time and during all that period it offers to mankind and his possessions some or all of the fundamental attributes of shelter, protection, safety, comfort, convenience, satisfaction, health, luxury and a good financial investment.

Short & Walls Lumber Co.

Phone 40 Middletown, Delaware

"EVERYTHING TO BUILD ANYTHING"

A Happy New Year to All

GREETINGS! A Happy New Year to All and our sincere thanks for the friendship and support you have given us during the past year. May we all look forward to a happier year to come with a greater hope for health and happiness and always with a thought for those less fortunate than ourselves. We do, indeed, wish you all a Happy New Year. We do indeed thank you for your wonderful friendship during the past year. We hope for a continuation of same and in return agree to do our own best part toward making your drug store trading pleasant and profitable to you.

Middletown Drug Co., Inc.

ERNEST A. TRUITT, PH. G.
MANAGER

MIDDLETOWN DELAWARE

STATIONERY — TOILET ARTICLES — PURE DRUGS — HIGH GRADE CANDIES CIGARS

CULVER'S PHONE 29 **DRUG STORE**

PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY

COR. BROAD & MAIN STS. MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

Inventory Announcement

WE take great pleasure in thanking our customers whose liberal patronage has given us a very large Holiday trade—surprisingly large when all the circumstances are considered.

We are now engaged in putting our stocks in order, (for our Store looked as though a hurricane had swept it!) and we are finding many articles of various kinds, odds and ends, remnants, broken sizes, etc., etc., all of which when we have gotten them together and offered them at GREAT REDUCTIONS in prices will form a BIG BARGAIN TABLE which all who would get fine new articles for a very little money will do well to visit.

Besides these things we are also giving to our customers many other articles for surprising reductions—clearing our decks for the coming Spring campaign.

Meanwhile, we take this occasion to wish each of our patrons and friends a very HAPPY AND PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR!

FOGEL'S Dept. Store MIDDLETOWN DELAWARE

When You Are Constipated

To insure a healthy action of the bowels and correct disorders of the liver, take two of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper. They will not only cause a gentle movement of the bowels, without unpleasant effects, but banish that dull, stupid feeling, that often accompanies constipation.

Heavy Wearables

For Men and Boy's, everything to keep you warm, comfortable and for service and economy.

Heavy Overcoats, $20 to $50
Specials, $60 to $75
Heavy Suits, $20 to $35
Heavy Trousers, $2.50 to $8
Corduroy Suits, $15
Lined Trousers, $3 to $6
Heavy Mackinaws, $10 to $20
Sheep Lined, $10 to $15
Warm Gloves, 50c to $10
Heavy Underwear, 75c to $8
Heavy Sweaters, $5 to $15

Wool hose, knitcoats, wool caps, heavy shoes, artics, rubbers and gum boots. Special Valves just Now in Our Bargain Basement.

MULLIN'S HOME STORE
Sixth and Market
WILMINGTON, DEL.

Coming—"Silver Wings," with Mary Carr, at the Everett theatre next Monday and Tuesday evenings.

Annual Meeting!

The Cantwell Mutual Insurance Co., Odessa, Del., Dec. 1st, 1922.

The members of The Cantwell Mutual Insurance Company will meet at the office of the late Joseph H. Enos, Odessa, Del., on Monday, Jan. 1, 1923, at which time seven (7) directors will be elected to serve for the ensuing year, and for such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

Election for Directors will be held between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M.

JOSEPH G. BROWN, Sec.

NOTICE—DIVIDEND!

THE PEOPLES NATIONAL BANK OF MIDDLETOWN
Middletown, Del., Dec. 26th, 1922

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of THREE and ONE-HALF(3½) PER CENT, for the last six months, free of taxes payable on and after Dec. 30th, 1922.

W. K. BETTS, Cashier.

NOTICE—DIVIDEND!

NEW CASTLE COUNTY NATIONAL BANK OF ODESSA, DECEMBER 27TH, 1922

The Directors have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of Four per cent. clear of taxes, payable on and after December 30th, 1922.

JOSEPH G. BROWN, Cashier.

Alice Lake in "Kisses" will be the attraction at the Everett theatre next Friday evening.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the Mother's Favorite

The soothing and healing properties of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, its pleasant taste and prompt and effectual cures have made it a favorite with people everywhere. It is especially prized by mothers of young children for colds, croup and whooping cough, as it always affords quick relief and is free from opium and other harmful drugs.

All Millinery [illegible] duced.
Ladies' sport [illegible]
Plenty of C[illegible]
M.

Sa[illegible]
FRIDAY, [illegible]
of stock, t[illegible]
Harr[illegible]
mile[illegible]
Hu[illegible]

We've Helped Others Why Not YOU?

During the last few years we have helped Hundreds of folks of this Community to save money systematically— and hardly a day goes by, that we are not congratulated on the splendid service we are offering to everyone as an aid to future financial independence.

Employers and employees alike are in favor of the service—for the employee who saves is not only getting a financial standing—but he is regarded with favor by his employer.

You CAN Save Money if you wish— By Joining Our Savings Fund Now

At least six different classes are open to you, offering the chance to deposit from 25 cents to $5 weekly.

The Delaware Trust Company

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE

MEATS of Quality and Purity

SINCE we have been in the Meat Business in Middletown we have always tried to sell you Quality Meats, the kind that we would have our children eat because we buy only the Blue Ribbon products that have been inspected and are pure and wholesome. We don't claim to sell the cheapest, but we do claim to sell the best Meats at reasonable prices.

A few days ago a lady said to us "I have tried them all and have come back HOME because I get the best services from your store; in Quality and Purity it reminds me of home because you keep it so clean".

Stop in and give us your next order or send the children. You can trust us to send just as good cuts by them.

HONESTY AND COURTESY ARE WITHIN KEEPING AT OUR STORE

LEWIS & SAVIN'S MEAT MARKET

TELEPHONE 86

A HAPPY NEW YEAR!

The confidence its patrons have reposed in THE PEOPLES NATIONAL BANK, has resulted in a large increase in the number of its depositors and in the amounts of their deposits. The Bank takes great pleasure in wishing each of them a very Happy and Prosperous NEW YEAR!

4% on Savings Accounts Compounded Semi-annually **4%**

STRENGTH-ACCOMMODATION
MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

PEOPLES NATIONAL BANK
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

[illegible]NK [illegible]LIASON PRES[illegible]T L. L. MALONEY V. PRES[illegible]
[illegible]RETTS, CASHIER FRANK V. POOL, A[illegible]

The Transcript, $1.00 Per Year

Sure Relief FOR INDIGESTION

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS

25¢ AND 75¢ PACKAGES EVERYWHERE

TOO LATE

Death only a matter of short time. Don't wait until pains and aches become incurable diseases. Avoid painful consequences by taking

LATHROP'S GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—the National Remedy of Holland since 1696. Guaranteed. Three sizes, all druggists.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Not a Laxative

Nujol is a lubricant—not a medicine or laxative—so cannot gripe.

When you are constipated, not enough of Nature's lubricating liquid is produced in the bowel to keep the food waste soft and moving. Doctors prescribe Nujol because it acts like this natural lubricant and thus replaces it. Try it today.

Nujol

REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

A LUBRICANT—NOT A LAXATIVE

BEAUTY IN EVERY BOX

"KREMOLA" is a medicated snow white cream that does wonders for the complexion. Removes tan, moth-patches, pimples, eczema, etc. A wonderful face bleach. Mail $1.25. FREE BOOKLET. DR. C. H. BERRY CO., 2975 Michigan Avenue, CHICAGO

LOOK OLD? Gray, thin, straggly hair makes people look very old. It isn't necessary—a bottle of Q-Ban Hair Color Restorer will bring back original color quickly—stops dandruff. At all good druggists, 75c, or direct from Hess-Ellis Chemists, Memphis, Tenn.

Strangers, as It Were.

Billy was on such familiar terms with his dog that he understood, so he claimed, his every action. One day the neighbor's dog was barking, which seemed to annoy his sister, who was reading.

"Billy," she exclaimed, "what is that dog barking for?"

Billy glanced out of the window and answered: "Don't ask me. It's the neighbor's dog and I'm not in his confidence."

A FEELING OF SECURITY

You naturally feel secure when you know that the medicine you are about to take is absolutely pure and contains no harmful or habit producing drugs.

Such a medicine is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

The same standard of purity, strength and excellence is maintained in every bottle of Swamp-Root.

It is scientifically compounded from vegetable herbs.

It is not a stimulant and is taken in teaspoonful doses.

It is not recommended for everything.

It is nature's great helper in relieving and overcoming kidney, liver and bladder troubles.

A sworn statement of purity is with every bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root.

If you need a medicine, you should have the best. On sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to try this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Advertisement.

Medieval Well Found.

A well, sunk in the Middle ages, has been found in the medieval cathedral of St. Pierre, Lisieux, France, under a slab described in an old document found in the archives of the cathedral five years ago.

A jeweler's weight, marked with a small bas-relief of King Ferdinand and Queen Isabella of Spain, engraved [illegible] and fragments of pottery were found at the bottom of the well.

Watch Cuticura Improve Your Skin. On rising and retiring gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment. Then lately; after wash off Ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. It but detectable wonderful what Cuticura will do for. I had a poor complexions, dandruff, itching jean, though have been dull red rough hands.—Advertisement.

"What is after an ap A cynic is a man who laughs at the game, I had wife with tears in his hall.

I motioned town[illegible]andedness is common to only "Simeon Peck. per cent of the people. something on Mr. I ing to see you."

to Your Eyes

ful Eyes, like fine the result of Constant daily use of Murine Clear and Radiant. Harmless. Sold and d by All Druggists.

RINE for Your EYES

Highway Improvement

GREAT ADVANTAGE OF TREES

Argument That Roads Do Not Dry Out Readily After Rains Does Hold Good Nowadays.

The forestry department of Minnesota is said to have aroused an active enthusiasm in the state for securing shaded highways and the department will this year plant 30,000 trees along the roadways and plans to add an equal number each successive year. In Pennsylvania a similar movement is under way.

One objection heretofore to shade trees by the roadsides has been that the roads did not dry out readily after rains, but that mudholes lingered. Since road building according to more modern methods has been so generally adopted, this argument is no longer good, says the Indianapolis Star. Thousands of miles of cement and asphalt pavement have been laid in states between Florida and Nebraska, and at first objection was made to tree planting along such roads on the ground that the tree roots would uplift or crack the surface. As this rarely happens in city streets, no good reason is evident why it should be different along country roads, and, in fact, those who have experimented say if the trees are set far enough back no ill result follows. Much would depend, of course, on the character of the tree, whether or not it had a tap root or spreading surface roots. An intelligent person would hardly recommend the planting of a beech tree near a pavement.

It has been realized that cement and asphalt roads radiate a heat on summer days that dirt and gravel roads do not, and that wayside trees, always welcome to summer travelers not only for their cooling shade, but for their softening of highway glare, are especially desirable with the new pavements. Trees grow slowly and the progress of planting will keep pace only with the public sentiment in its favor, so that at best it will be many years before our Lincoln and Dixie highways and our state roads will be the shaded thoroughfares that they may become. The time will doubtless arrive, however, when American country roads will rival in beauty any city's suburban streets lined with trees.

Roads, as they are now, at least in the middle West, with its improved farms, the clearing of much forest

Along an Improved Highway in Minnesota.

land in recent years and the banishing of the old rail fences, lack much of the picturesqueness of the earlier days, with zigzag fence corners filled with seedling trees, berry bushes and shrubs and flowers of many sorts. Those fence corners were wild gardens and as much of a joy to the soul of an artist as they were a trial to the thrifty farmer. It was only an occasional farmer, however, who took the time and trouble to keep his fences clear and they remained for many years an undisturbed feature of American country life, a harbor for birds and pestiferous small animals and a disseminator of weed seeds, but a joy to the eye of the appreciative passing traveler. William Hamilton Gibson, an artist and writer, once celebrated the American fence corner in a book, and Indiana's poet, Benjamin Parker, mourned over the advent of barbed wire as a highway boundary. But trees lining the thoroughfares up and down and across the country will add a charm that every one could enjoy.

Texas and New York Lead.

Texas and New York are the states which receive the largest allotments of federal aid for highways, which is distributed on the basis of population, area, and mileage of rural highways.

Concrete Highway Pavement.

More than 63,000,000 square yards of concrete highway pavement, equivalent to 6,000 miles of 18-foot road, were built in the United States last year.

Road Work in Missouri.

In August Missouri placed 126.7 miles of new federal-aid work under construction.

Nineteen thousand three hundred and eight miles of Federal-aid road had been completed on August 31.

Compete With Rails.

Hard roads and gasoline are beginning to make steel rails and trolley wires realize that they have competition.

Roads Under Construction.

In mileage of federal aid roads [illegible] der construction Texas is first w[illegible] 408 miles. Nebraska second w[illegible] miles, and Iowa third with 94[illegible]

Two Crops Neglected.

Sweet clover and soybean[illegible] be planted more extensively.

NOVELIST AND WIFE MAKING TOUR AROUND WORLD IN AN AUTOMOBILE

The photograph shows Richard Jeffreys, American novelist, and his wife, who are now in England, on one of the stops of their tour around the world in an automobile. His wife's professional name is Pauline Mayo. They left Columbus, O., last June and so far have toured through Portugal, Spain, France and Germany. They leave England next March for Europe, Turkey, Egypt, Persia, India, China, Japan, and thence back to San Francisco. Photo shows: Mr. Jeffreys at work in a Scottish farmyard, while his wife prepares dinner. They sleep in the automobile.

WINTER IS TIME TO VARNISH CAR

Much Pleasure Given to Owner if His Automobile Has Good Outward Appearance.

MINOR DEFECTS NOT VISIBLE

Necessary That All Parts to Be Painted Should Be Thoroughly Washed and Sandpapered—Keep in Fairly Warm Room.

Half the enjoyment of owning a car comes from the fact that it has a good appearance. It may run well and ride very comfortably, but it is an eyesore and a heart-break if it looks dirty, paint is cracked or varnish is dull and lusterless. How different the car which shines in the splendor of a perfect coat of paint and varnish, even if there are minor defects, known only to the owner or the expert.

It takes time to do a good job of removing paint and varnish on an automobile, and the new coat should have plenty of time to dry and harden. For this reason a good time to do this work is in winter, especially in those cases where cars are put in the garage and laid up for the winter. The owner will then be ready to drive out in good style on the first nice spring day.

If the owner is not so particular about an exceptionally high class job of painting, he can clean the car thoroughly and paint it himself at much less expense than he can hire it done.

Two Things Necessary.

Two of the things necessary in making a smooth-looking paint job are the following:

First—All parts to be painted must be thoroughly washed and then smoothed off by sandpaper or steel wool, and all of the dust brushed or rubbed off.

Second—The car must be placed in a fairly warm room where there is no dust, as a little dust on the paint before it is dry will spoil the looks of any paint job.

If the paint is not worn off, but is merely somewhat checked and dulled, it may be preserved by applying a coat of good varnish, making sure that the car is first thoroughly washed, dried and then smoothed off with fine sandpaper. If the paint has worn entirely through in spots and the metal parts are beginning to rust, the only way to preserve these parts and keep them from becoming spoiled entirely is to have the car thoroughly cleaned and painted.

Keep Down Rust.

In case the paint on the car is fairly good, but rusty spots show in various places, then by touching these up with new paint of the same color you will find the looks of the car greatly improved and further rusting prevented at the expense of very little time and money.

The top and side curtains should also be taken care of at this time. First clean the top thoroughly. Soap and water is probably as good as anything. Then, after the top is thoroughly dry, give it a coat of good top dressing, which can be bought at any accessory store, and this will not only preserve the top and help to keep it from leaking, but will greatly improve its general appearance. If the top is sagging, the best way to remedy this is to first loosen the front part of the top from the windshield and then tighten the straps at the back slightly. Then, when the front part is pulled back into place again, most of the sagging will be removed in case the right adjustment on the rear straps has been made.

If the celluloid windows are broken, probably the best proposition will be to get new ones, but if there is just a small break in a window, this can usually be mended by means of some sheet celluloid and celluloid cement.

Where to Hide.

Source[illegible] the body of a car [illegible] yards, which [illegible] together; in [illegible] forgotten to feed the [illegible] brackets; in Germany, we are told, the [illegible] the body who desire fine weather for [illegible] the top ing day, must pay special

Battery Tips.

Cover the plates with water.

Turn on the lights when the battery becomes hot.

Test the battery every two weeks with a hydrometer.

Always be sure to have sufficient pure distilled water in the battery.

When filling the battery, wipe the surface clean of moisture and dust.

Relieve the work of the battery when starting by retarding the spark, and only using a single short pressure to the starting button.

TUBE THAT REPAIRS ITS OWN PUNCTURES

Described as Most Ingenious Device Attained So Far.

When Inflated Pressure Is Set Up Sufficient to Close Hole Made by Ordinary Puncture and Keep It Closed.

Here is an inner tube that repairs its own punctures and it is described in the Scientific American as the most ingenious attained up to date on this perennial problem. The inventor makes his tube with a circumference considerably greater than the inner surface of the casing for which it is designed. The extra rubber is taken care of and it is made possible to insert the uninflated tube inside the shoe

Tube Repairs Its Own Punctures.

by deep corrugations that are molded around the tube, as indicated in our diagram, which shows the uninflated tube in position in the casing. When it is now inflated and forced by its contained air to conform to the shape of the casing, a pressure is set up along its outer wall which is claimed to be sufficient to close the hole made by any ordinary puncture, and keep it closed. The "compression tube" is made in Tulsa, Okla., and has been in rather extensive use in the Southwest, with very good results.

AUTOMOBILE HINTS

The customary time to put water in the radiator is while the garage man is pouring a quart of oil into the engine.

* * *

To prevent a short circuit slip a small piece of rubber tubing over the wire at the point where the contact might occur.

* * *

Having learned to master the car—when everything is running in shipshape—the next step is to learn to drive it when things have gone wrong.

* * *

The compression of a car should be carefully watched by occasionally squirting oil around spark plugs, valve caps and relief valves, as well as around the gasket of the removable head.

Cleverness in Parking.

To successfully "make" a small parking space in which the car is to be placed, first steer the car slightly into it and then out again before backing in. This brings the rear wheels nearer the curb in preparation for the backing process, and makes the work of parking easier.

A Beauty Hint.

A tire that "bellies out" just above the point where it touches the ground [illegible] inflated immediately until it

The Kitchen Cabinet

(©, 1922, Western Newspaper Union.)

It is wonderful how large a little bit of a fraction will grow, if you only multiply it enough.—Robert Beverly Hale.

A VARIETY OF GOOD THINGS

Who does not enjoy a good cake? Packed eggs when carefully kept may be used for such a cake.

Silver Loaf Cake.—Take two and three-fourths cupfuls of pastry flour, one and one-fourth cupfuls of granulated sugar, two-thirds of a cupful of water, one-half cupful of butter, the whites of seven eggs, three teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one teaspoonful of flavoring extract and one-half teaspoonful of salt. Cream the butter and add the sugar, mix until well blended, then add the flour sifted with the dry ingredients, alternating with the water; fold in the stiffly beaten whites and bake in a moderate oven for one hour.

Pound Cake.—Take ten eggs, one pound, or two cupfuls of sugar; one pound, or four cupfuls of flour; three-fourths of a pound, or one and one-half cupfuls of butter; two teaspoonfuls of lemon extract; add one teaspoonful of salt. Cream the butter and sugar until white and foamy. Separate the egg yolks from the whites and beat well. Add alternately one heaping tablespoonful of flour with a small portion of the beaten yolk and white, beating the mixture well between each addition of flour and egg. The success of a pound cake depends upon the beating and the baking. Put into a very slow oven and increase the heat to a moderate oven and bake one hour and a half.

Sweet Apples and Quinces.—Core a half-dozen sweet apples, fill the centers with chopped quince, add sugar and water and bake until well done. Serve as a dessert with whipped cream.

Honey Hermits.—Take one cupful of butter, one and one-half cupfuls of honey, strained, one teaspoonful of soda, three eggs, five cupfuls of flour, one teaspoonful of salt, two teaspoonfuls of cinnamon, two and one-fourth cupfuls each of chopped raisins and nut meats. Dissolve the soda in the honey which has been slightly warmed, with the dry ingredients. Add the fruit and nuts last. Drop from a spoon on a buttered sheet and bake in a moderate oven.

Orange and Walnut Salad.—Peel fine juicy oranges, cut into very thin slices. Slice walnut meats, using one cupful of orange to three-fourths of a cupful of nuts. Mix with a highly seasoned French dressing and serve on lettuce.

Those persons and things, then, that inspire us to do our best, that make us live at our best, when we are in their presence, that call forth from us our latent and unsuspected personality, that nourish and support that personality—those are our friends.—Randolph S. Bourne.

FOR THE TABLE

In using bread crumbs for escalloped dishes, season well with salt and pepper and add to a small quantity of melted butter; stir until well mixed. Currants, the dried variety, may be well cleaned by rubbing them well in flour, which will remove any grit, then wash and dry in a collander and they will be ready for use.

One of the most wholesome of breakfast foods is wheat right from the granary. Soak over night, then cook slowly on the back of the stove until the wheat is a gelatinous mass. Serve with top milk.

Green Soup.—Wash two quarts of spinach in several waters. Wash, peel and chop fine three small turnips, two onions, a bunch of celery and a bunch of parsley. Fry the vegetables in four tablespoonfuls of butter, add a pint of water and simmer until tender. Mix two tablespoonfuls of flour with a little milk, add it to one and one-half pints of milk, and boil five minutes. Put all the vegetables through a sieve, then add the hot milk and serve with croutons.

Tuna Fish Salad.—Take one cupful of tuna fish, shredded, three-fourths of a cupful of boiled salad dressing, one-half cupful of chopped celery, one-half envelope of gelatin, one-fourth cupful of water, one chopped green pepper, one-half teaspoonful of salt, and one-fourth of a teaspoonful of paprika. Soak the gelatin in the water five minutes, then add it with all the other ingredients to the hot salad dressing. Turn into individual molds dipped in cold water and chill. Turn out on crisp lettuce and serve.

Southern Golden Fleece.—Cut fine and melt in a saucepan one-half pound of rich cheese; when soft add one cupful of cream and a dash of cayenne; when thoroughly blended, break in five fresh eggs, cover for two minutes; when the white is set, remove the cover, add a little salt and beat the mass briskly with a spoon for a few minutes. It will rise in a yellow foam, tender and delicious. Serve on buttered toasted milk crackers.

Nellie Maxwell

The Basic Quality.

Fidelity in small things is at the base of every great achievement. We too often forget this, and yet no truth needs more to be kept in mind, particularly in the troubled eras of history and in the crises of individual life.—Charles Wagner.

Fate of the Pretender.

"De man dat relies too much on a pretense of piety," said Uncle Eben, "generally winds up by bein' regarded as jes' a bad actor."—Washington Star.

a Hu[illegible]

in About 9 3/5

EAT a box of little raisins when you feel hungry, lazy, tired or faint.

In about 9⅗ seconds a hundred calories or more of energizing nutriment will put you on your toes again.

For Little Sun-Maids are 75% fruit sugar in practically predigested form—levulose, the scientists call it.

And levulose is real body fuel.

Needing practically no digestion, it gets to work and revives you *quick*.

Full of energy and iron—both good and good *for* you. Just try a box.

Little Sun-Maids

"Between-Meal" Raisins

5c Everywhere

Had *Your* Iron Today?

10c Changes Last Year's Frock to [illegible]

Putnam Fadeless Dyes—[illegible] or tints as yo[illegible]

Spoiled in the Films.

West—What do you really think of these film actors?

East—I don't think they're half as bad as they're pictured.—London Answers.

NEURALGIA AND RHEUMATISM ARE WORSE IN WINTER

Baltimore Man Tells How to Stop Pains, Build Yourself Up.

SIMPLE HOME TONIC BRINGS EASY RELIEF

"I suffered so bad with rheumatism, neuralgia, nervousness and indigestion that I lost time from work. At times I could hardly move my legs or arms—they pained me so bad. The nervous headaches I had and the indigestion attacks also made me miserable, so now that I have found the remedy I gladly pass on the information so others can be relieved as I have been," declared John C. Steinbach, 1142 Hanover St., Baltimore.

"I tried everything in the way of medicine without results until a friend of mine told me about Hypo-Cod. The first bottle worked so well I took five more and I must say that I am a well man today. It seemed like magic to me. I don't believe there is any medicine on earth that will do the work like Hypo-Cod did, and I'm sure it will do the same for others who suffer as I did. My wife was so amazed she started taking Hypo-Cod also, and it made her well, strong and hearty. Then we gave it to the children to build them up and it did the work so fine in each case we praise Hypo-Cod always," concluded Mr. Steinbach.

Every person's body can throw off any ailment, provided they are not weakened and run down. If weakened and run down, begin building, toning and strengthening yourself. Then watch nature throw off ills you have worried with so long. This is the sensible way. Ask about special offer on Hypo-Cod this week at either of the eight Read Drug Stores here in Baltimore.—Advertisement.

Women Support School.

An industrial school with 100 pupils is owned and supported by the Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs.

Exceeding the Limit.

"Maud tells everything she knows."

"Yes, it wouldn't be so bad if she would stop there."—Judge.

Iconoclasm.

Sinclair Lewis says all one has to do to be young is to become an iconoclast. In other words, that's the second stage of breaking all your toys.—Topeka Capital.

And some men are just prominent enough to attract people who have gold bricks to dispose of.

If Worms or Tapeworm persist in your system, it is because you have not yet tried the real Vermifuge, Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot." One dose does the work. Advertisement.

The annual flow of the Mississippi carries to the sea about 400,000,000 tons of solid water.

Only those who travel in the straight and narrow path can be depended upon to give us straight goods.

When the Lord created woman he didn't use a magazine fashion plate for a pattern.

W.L.DOUGLAS $5 $6 $7 & $8 SHOES FOR MEN & WOMEN

W. L. Douglas shoes are actually demanded year after year by more people than any other shoe in the world

BECAUSE W. L. Douglas has been making surpassingly good shoes for forty-six years. This experience of nearly half a century in making shoes suitable for Men and Women in all walks of life should mean something to you when you need shoes and are looking for the best shoe values for your money.

W.L. DOUGLAS shoes in style, quality, material and workmanship are better than ever before; only by examining them can you appreciate their superior qualities.

No Matter Where You Live shoe dealers can supply you with W. L. Douglas shoes. If not convenient to call at one of our 110 stores in the large cities, ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. Protection against unreasonable profits is guaranteed by the name and price stamped on the sole of every pair before the shoes leave the factory. Refuse substitutes. Prices are the same everywhere.

If not for sale in your town write for catalog.

W. L. Douglas, President, W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., 30 Spark Street, Brockton, Mass.

To Merchants: If no dealer in your town handles W. L. Douglas shoes, write today for exclusive rights to handle this quick selling, quick turn-over line.

MAKE MONEY AT HOME making toys and novelties. Samples and particulars free. Write today. NEW SPECIALTY CO., 168 E. 31st St., NEW YORK.

W. N. U., BALTIMORE, NO. 52—1922.

WESTERN CANADA for **Wheat Growing, Cattle Raising and a Happy Home of Your Own**

Prosperous Farms and Happy Homes await those who are desirous of enlarging their present resources and securing for themselves homes in a country that, while yet in its infancy, has made itself famous by the quality of the grain it produces and by the excellence of its live stock.

There are Millions of Acres

of the highest class of soil available for the man whose object in life is to become his own landlord, and who wishes to share in the opportunity which has given wealth to the thousands of Americans who, having started on Western Canada farms with but small means, are now writing home to their friends, telling of what they have done. Lands are cheap and homesteads farther from lines of railway are free to settlers. Upon these lands can be grown the best of wheat, oats, barley, flax, grass, hay, fodder corn and sunflowers.

Cattle winter in [illegible] shelter; dairying [illegible] Taxes only [illegible] provements [illegible] tive social [illegible] churches [illegible] [illegible]; 10 inches [illegible] decorator and [illegible] $4.00 offer for $1.00. [illegible] of $1.00. National [illegible], New York, N. Y.